AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A quinone_based compound, which is characterized by the compound having a structure represented by the following general formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{1} \quad R^{3} \\
O \longrightarrow X \\
R^{2} \quad R^{4} \longrightarrow X \\
(R^{6})_{n}
\end{array}$$
(I)

(wherein, in the formula (I), R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ may can be the same or different and each represents is a hydrogen atom, an optionally substituted alkyl group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted aryl group, or an optionally substituted heterocyclic group; R⁵ represents is an optionally substituted aryl group or an optionally substituted heterocyclic group; R⁶ represents is a halogen atom, an optionally substituted alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted alkoxy group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted aryl group, or an optionally substituted heterocyclic group; X represents is a sulfur atom or an oxygen atom; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; when n is 2 or 3, at least-two R⁶s may can be the same or different, and at least one of the R⁶s may can be taken together to form an optionally substituted ring or and two adjacent R⁶s can form a fused ring; and any the substituents each represents of any R¹ to R⁶ is a halogen atom, an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a halogenated alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a naryl group, or a heterocyclic group.)

2. (Currently Amended) A An electrophotographic photoreceptor including an electrically conductive substrate having thereon directly or via an undercoat layer a photosensitive layer, which is characterized in that wherein-said photosensitive layer contains at least one kind of a compound having a structure represented by the following general formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{1} \quad R^{3} \\
N=N-R^{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
X \\
(R^{6})_{n}
\end{array}$$

(wherein, in the formula (I), R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ may can be the same or different and each represents is a hydrogen atom, an optionally substituted alkyl group having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted aryl group, or an optionally substituted heterocyclic group; R⁵ represents is an optionally substituted aryl group or an optionally substituted heterocyclic group; R⁶ represents is a halogen atom, an optionally substituted alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted alkoxy group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an optionally substituted aryl group, or an optionally substituted heterocyclic group; X represents is a sulfur atom or an oxygen atom; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; when n is 2 or 3, at least-two R⁶s may can be the same or different, and at least one of the R⁶s may can be taken together to form an optionally substituted ring or and two adjacent R⁶s can form a fused ring; and the any substituents each represents of any R¹ to R⁶ is a halogen atom, an alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a halogenated alkyl group having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a naryl group, or a heterocyclic group.)

- 3. (Currently Amended) A The electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 2, wherein said photosensitive layer is a single layer type photosensitive layer containing a charge generation substance, a charge transport substance and a resin binder; an electron transport substance and a hole transport substance are contained as said charge transport substance; and at least one kind of the compound having a structure represented by the general formula (I) is contained as said electron transport substance.
- 4. (Original) The electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 2, wherein said photosensitive layer contains a hole transport substance; and a styryl compound is contained as said hole transport substance.
- 5. (Original) The electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 3, wherein said photosensitive layer contains a hole transport substance; and a styryl compound is contained as said hole transport substance.
- 6. (Original) The electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 2, wherein said photosensitive layer contains a charge generation substance; and a phthalocyanine compound is contained as said charge generation substance.
- 7. (Original) The electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 3, wherein said photosensitive layer contains a charge generation substance; and a phthalocyanine compound is contained as said charge generation substance.

- 8. (Original) The electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 4, wherein said photosensitive layer contains a charge generation substance; and a phthalocyanine compound is contained as said charge generation substance.
- 9. (Original) The electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 5, wherein said photosensitive layer contains a charge generation substance; and a phthalocyanine compound is contained as said charge generation substance.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A An electrophotographic apparatus, which is characterized by being provided with the electrophotographic photoreceptor including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to any one of claims 2 to 9, and having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.
- 11. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 8 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.
- 12. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 8 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.
- 13. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 7 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.

- 14. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 6 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.
- 15. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 5 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.
- 16. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 4 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.
- 17. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 3 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.
- 18. (New) An electrophotographic apparatus, including an electrophotographic photoreceptor according to claim 2 having means for performing a charge process by a positive charge process.